

monster

$F_m \uparrow 0.1(0.1(0.1NPP))$

III

$\uparrow 0.1(0.1NPP)$

II

$\uparrow 0.1NPP$

Phyto

$F_p \uparrow NPP$

IN LAB

monster: trophic level 4

monster is fish

mass = elephant = 4000 kg

Assumptions

- 1. Steady State
- 2. Today: Two trophic levels btwn monster & phyto
- 3. mass ~ elephant

Input to monster $S = F_m = 0.1 \cdot 0.1 \cdot 0.1 \cdot NPP = 0.001NPP = 0.001F_p$

NPP

use 10 mg/m^3
TP: 5 mg/m^3

$$\log_{10} NPP = 0.83(\log_{10} [TP]) + 0.56$$

@ 10 mg/m^3 : $\log_{10} NPP = 0.83(\log_{10} [10 \text{ mg/m}^3]) + 0.56$

$$\log_{10} NPP = 0.83 \cdot 1 \text{ mg/m}^3 + 0.56$$

$$\log_{10} NPP = 1.39 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

$$10^{1.39} = NPP$$

$$NPP = 24.5 \text{ gC/m}^2/\text{yr}$$

@ 5 mg/m^3 : $\log_{10} NPP = 0.83(\log_{10} [5 \text{ mg/m}^3]) + 0.56$

$$\log_{10} NPP = 0.83 \cdot 0.699 \text{ mg/m}^3 + 0.56$$

$$\log_{10} NPP = 1.14$$

$$10^{1.14} = NPP$$

$$NPP = 13.8 \text{ gC/m}^2/\text{yr}$$

Empirical Relationship: units do not match

NEW

@ TP: 10 mg/lm³

$F_m = 0.001 F_p = 0.001 NPP = 0.001 (24.5 \text{ gC/m}^2/\text{yr}) = 0.0245 \text{ gC/m}^2/\text{yr}$

@ TP: 5 mg/lm³

$F_m = 0.001 F_p = 0.001 NPP = 0.001 (13.8 \text{ gC/m}^2/\text{yr}) = 0.0138 \text{ gC/m}^2/\text{yr}$

Turnover Time

For Fish: $T = 133 (W^{0.28})$ units: Time: days
Weight: g

$W_m = 4000 \text{ kg} = 4,000,000 \text{ g}$

$T = 133 (4,000,000 \text{ g}^{0.28}) = 9385 \text{ days} = 25.7 \text{ yrs}$

S_m

$T_m = \frac{S_m}{F_m}$ $S_m = T_m \cdot F_m$

@ 10 mg/lm³: $S_m = 25.7 \text{ yr} \cdot 0.0245 \text{ gC/m}^2/\text{yr} = 0.630 \text{ gC/m}^2$

@ 5 mg/lm³: $S_m = 25.7 \text{ yr} \cdot 0.0138 \text{ gC/m}^2/\text{yr} = 0.355 \text{ gC/m}^2$

Areal Biomass →

S_m : ~ Total biomass that can be supported in lake (areal)

Need to split into individuals

$W = 4,000,000 \text{ g}$ → Convert to Cunits (5% C by mass)

monster individual biomass = $4,000,000 \text{ g} \cdot 0.05 = 200,000 \text{ gC}$

Surface area = $57 \text{ km}^2 = 57 \text{ km}^2 \cdot \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} \cdot \frac{1000 \text{ m}}{1 \text{ km}} = 57,000,000 \text{ m}^2$

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Number of individuals:

3

@ 10 mg/m^3 : $S_m = 0.630 \text{ gC/m}^2$

Total biomass that can be supported	$= S_m \cdot \text{Surface Area}$ $= 0.630 \text{ gC/m}^2 \cdot 5.7 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^2$ $= 3.59 \times 10^7 \text{ gC}$
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individuals = $\frac{3.59 \times 10^7 \text{ gC}}{\text{per individual weight} \rightarrow 200,000 \text{ gC}} = 180 \text{ monsters}$

@ 5 mg/m^3 : $S_m = 0.355 \text{ gC/m}^2$

Total biomass that can be supported	$= S_m \cdot \text{Surface Area}$ $= 0.355 \text{ gC/m}^2 \cdot 5.7 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^2$ $= 2.02 \times 10^7 \text{ gC}$
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individuals = $\frac{2.02 \times 10^7 \text{ gC}}{200,000 \text{ gC}} = 101 \text{ monsters}$

NEW